

NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE

CONSERVATION PRACTICE STANDARD

PRESCRIBED BURNING

(Ac.)

CODE 338

DEFINITION

Controlled fire applied to a predetermined area.

PURPOSE

- Control undesirable vegetation.
- Prepare sites for harvesting, planting, or seeding.
- Control plant disease.
- Reduce wildfire hazards.
- Improve wildlife habitat.
- Improve plant production quantity and/or quality.
- Remove slash and debris.
- Enhance seed and seedling production.
- Facilitate distribution of grazing and browsing animals.
- Restore and maintain ecological sites.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES

This practice applies on all lands as

appropriate.

CRITERIA

General Criteria Applicable to All Purposes

All prescribed burns shall address the following items:

- Location and description of the burn area.
- Pre-burn vegetation cover.
- Resource management objectives.
- Required weather conditions for prescribed burn.
- Notification checklist.
- Pre-burn preparation.
- Equipment checklist/personnel assignments and needs/safety requirements.
- Post-burn evaluation criteria.
- Firing sequence.
- Ignition method.
- Approval signatures

The procedure, equipment, and number of trained personnel shall be adequate to accomplish the intended purposes.

The expected weather conditions, human and vehicular traffic that may be impeded by heat or smoke, liability (e.g., utility lines), and safety and health precautions shall be integrated into the timing, location, and expected intensity of the burn.

Timing of burning will be commensurate with soil and site conditions to maintain site productivity and minimize effects on soil erosion and soil properties (structure, soil moisture).

Weather parameters and other data that affect fire behavior should be monitored during the burn. Carbon release should be minimized by the timing and burn intensity.

Consider the location of utilities such as electric power lines and natural gas pipelines to prevent damage to the utility and avoid personal injury.

Smoke impacts must be considered before the burn and should be monitored during the burn.

CONSIDERATIONS

Burning should be managed with consideration for wildlife needs such as nesting, feeding, and cover.

Existing barriers such as lakes, streams, wetlands, roads, and constructed firebreaks

are important to the design and layout of this practice.

Notify adjoining landowners, local fire departments, and public safety officials as appropriate within the airshed prior to burning.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS

Specifications will be prepared by certified individuals and prepared for each site and recorded using approved specification sheets, job sheets, technical notes, and narrative statements in the conservation plan, or other acceptable documentation. All necessary permits must be obtained and a burning plan developed before implementation of the practice.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

The kinds and expected variability of site factors (e.g., fuel condition and moisture content, weather conditions, human and vehicular traffic that may be impeded by heat or smoke, liability, and safety and health precautions) shall be monitored during the operation of this practice. Sufficient fire suppression equipment and personnel shall be available commensurate with the expected behavior of these factors during the time of burning to prevent a wildfire or other safety, health, or liability incident.

Maintenance shall include monitoring of the burned site and adjacent areas until ash, debris, and other consumed material is at pre-burn temperatures.